



Sustainable Drainage Systems

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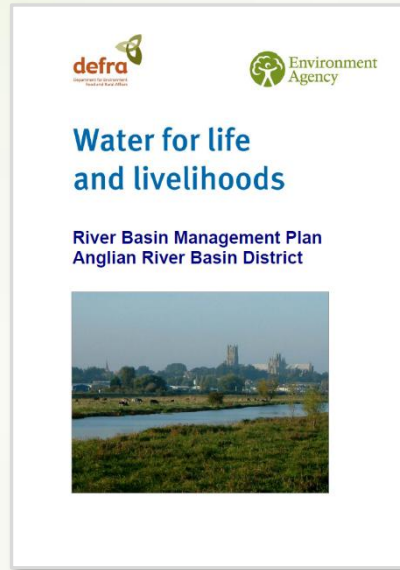
Sustainable Drainage Engineer

What are SuDs?



Why control runoff?

EU Water framework directive



Assessment:

- Biological
- Hydromorphological
- Physical-chemical
- Chemical

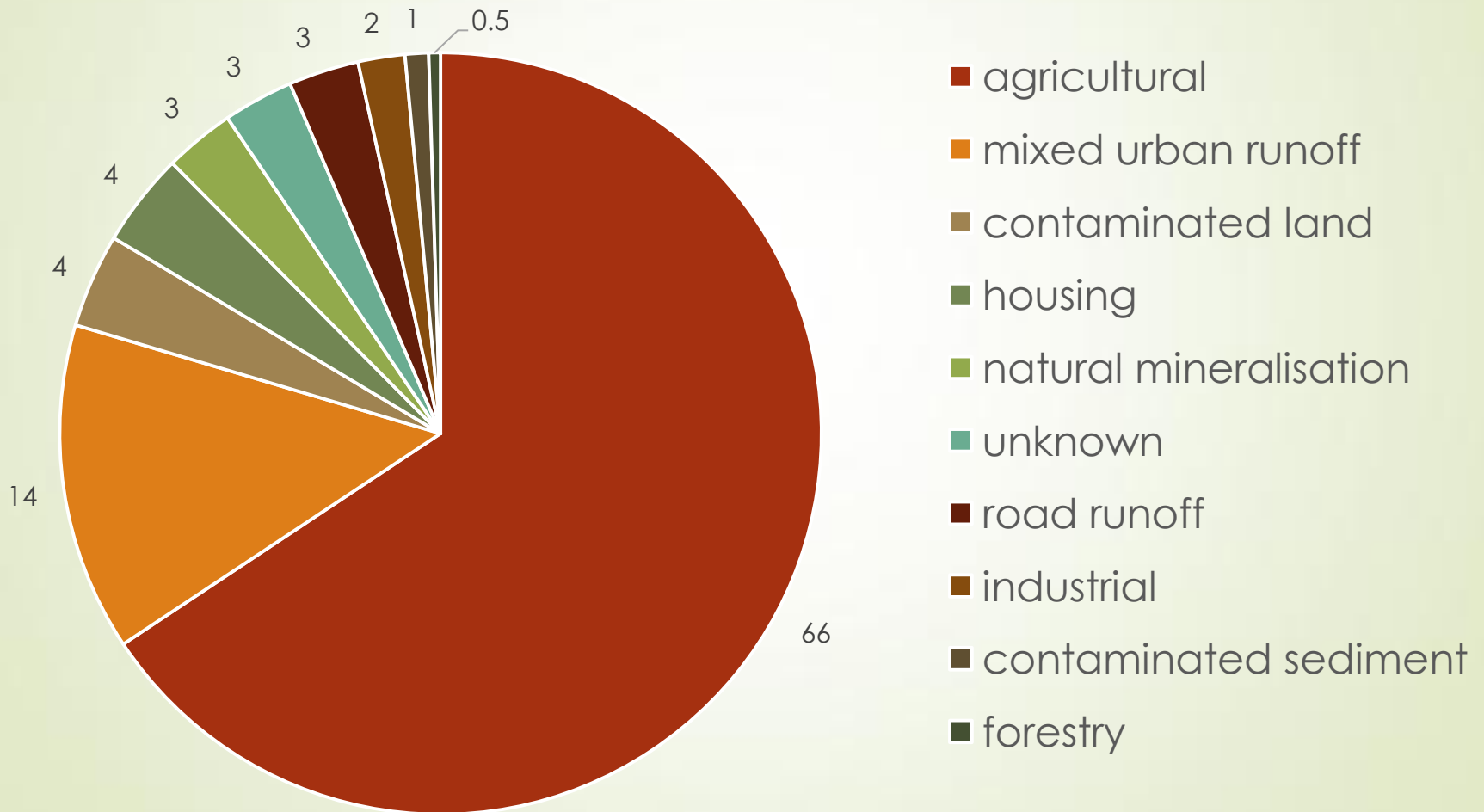


Nationally
only 27%
of water
bodies are
'Good'
status

All water-bodies to achieve
'Good' status by 2015?

Why control runoff?

Relative importance of reasons for WFD river failures



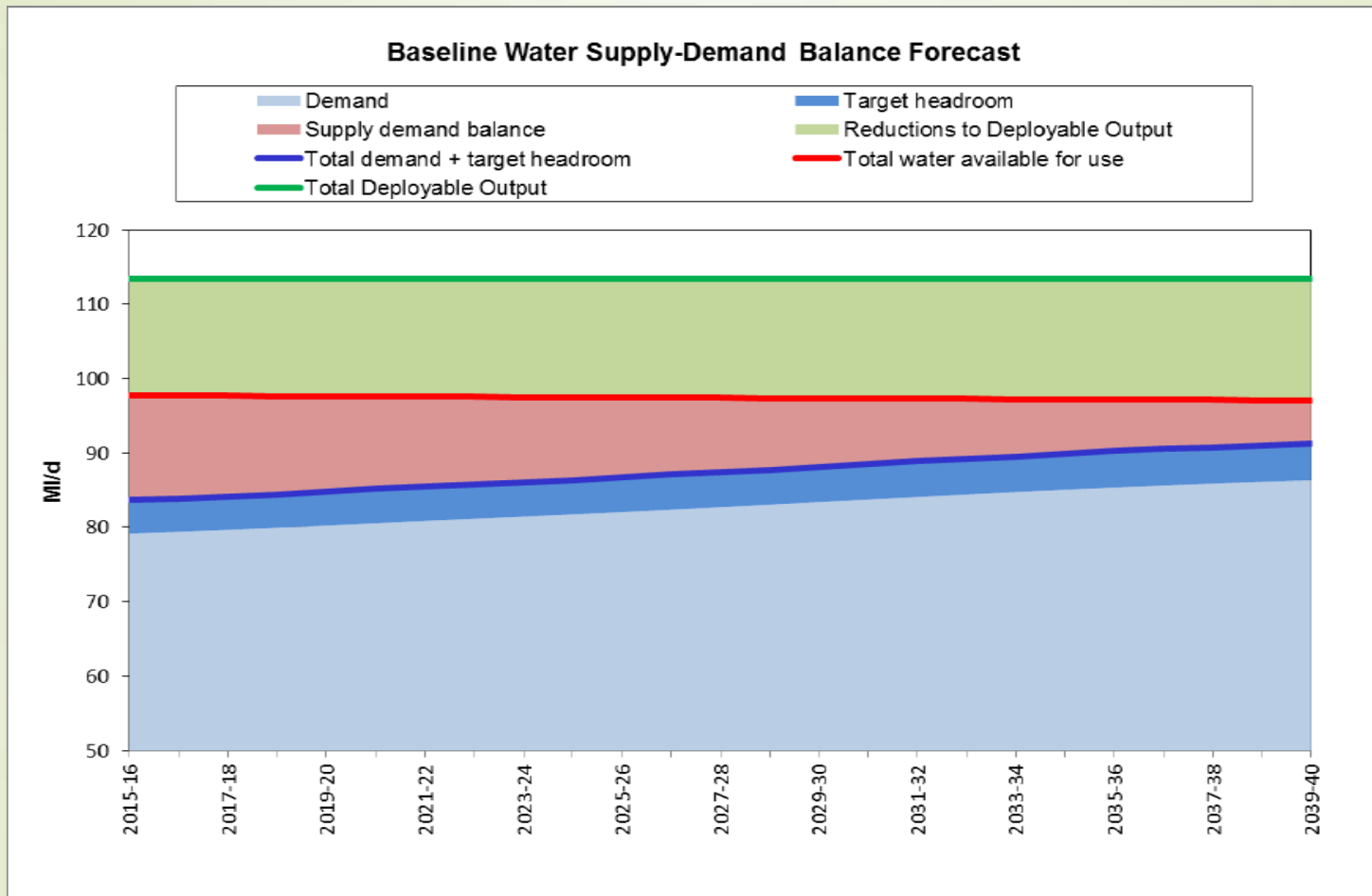
Why control runoff?



➤ Soil erosion:

- Soil erosion affects 76% of agricultural land
- The agricultural contribution to total soil erosion is between 75% to 95%
- Soil erosion leads to a build up of sediments and associated pollutants in rivers
- Directly impacts on river ecology

Why control runoff?



- Area of water stress
- Diffuse pollution impacts on the amount of treatment required for potable water

Why control runoff?



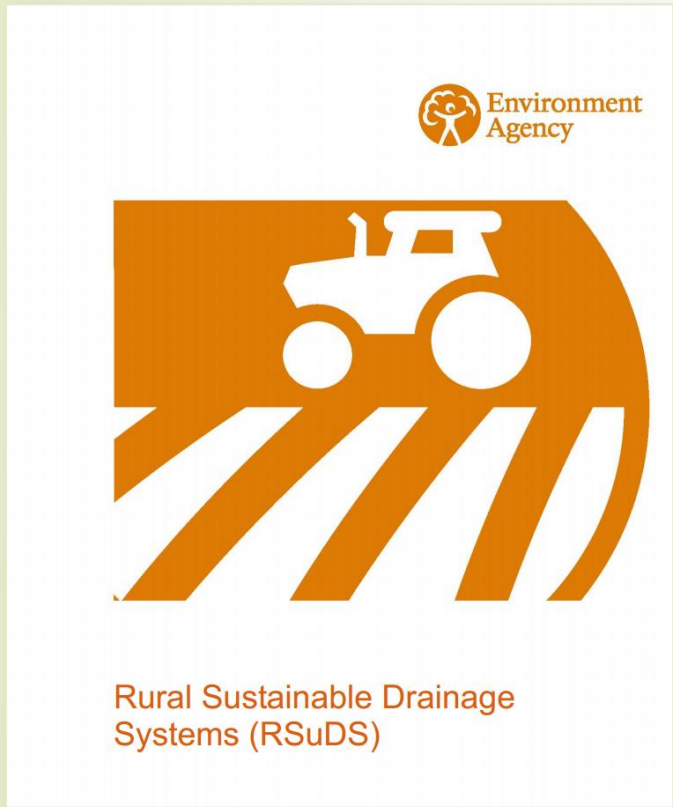
- Climate change:
 - hotter, drier summers
 - warmer, wetter winters
 - greater variability in year-to-year precipitation
 - changes in the number of intensive rainfall events
 - associated changes in soil moisture and the length of the thermal growing season

The Cam Corridor Strategy vision:

- **“A river system and riverside land that supports a flourishing and varied wildlife and provides an attractive environment for residents, visitors and businesses to enjoy.”**
- **Sustainable drainage can go a long way to contributing to this.**

Guidance....

Rural sustainable drainage systems



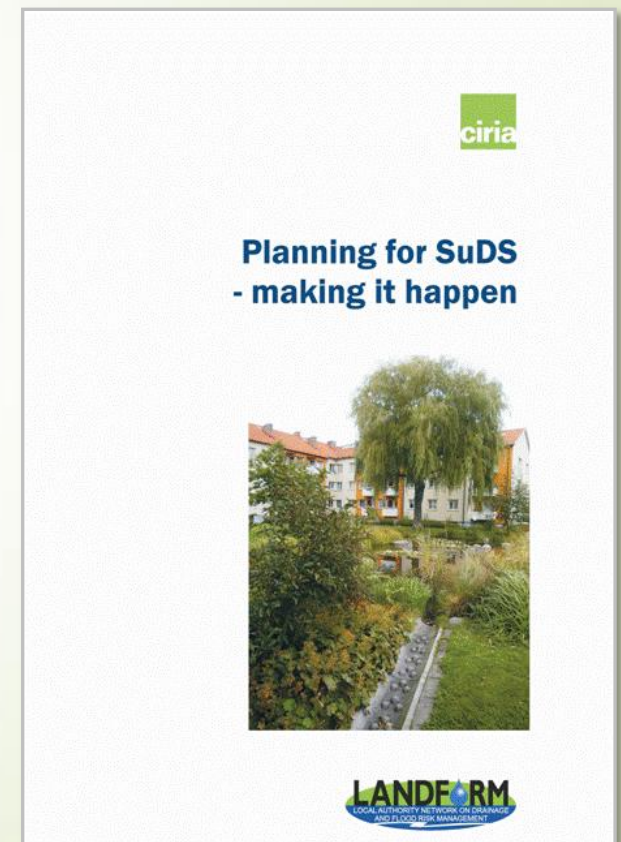
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Planning for SuDS – making it happen (CIRIA C687)

Contents:

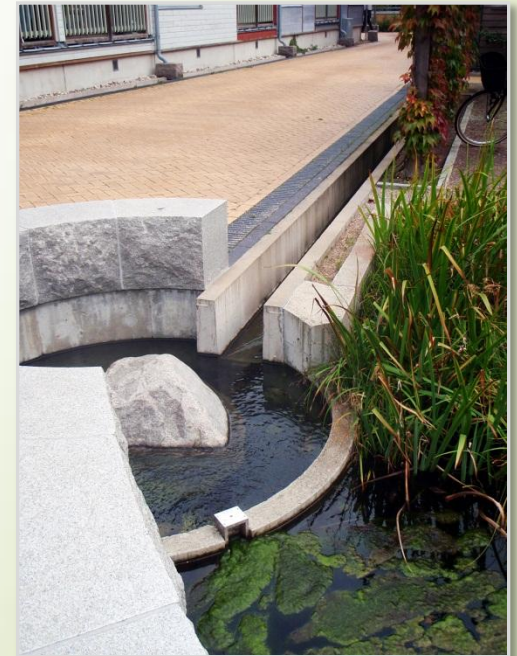
- Why sustainable drainage systems?
- What are sustainable drainage systems?
- How to work with the planning and development process
- How to make sustainable drainage happen
- How to specify sustainable drainage
- What SuDS maintenance is required



Components of a system

Component	flow	suspended solids	phosphorous	nitrogen	pesticides	pathogens
Green roofs	H	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Permeable paving	H	M	M	L	M	M
Sediment trap	M	H	M	L	M	M
Swale	M	H	M	M	M	M
Infiltration trench	H	H	M	M	M	H
Filter/French drain	H	H	M	L	M	M
Barriers/traps in ditches/swales	H	M	M	L	L	L
Dry detention pond	H	H	M	M	M	M
Infiltration basin	H	H	M	M	H	H
Retention pond	H	H	M	M	H	H
Woodland belt	M	H	M	M	H	M
Filter strip	M	M	M	L	M	M
Dry buffer strip	M	H	H	M	H	H
Wet buffer strip	M	M	M	H	L	L
Constructed wetlands	H	H	M	M	M	H

Urban SuDs



Green roofs



Swales and Rills



Wetlands and basins



Conclusions

➤ SuDs:

- Replicate natural processes
- Use natural features
- Manage runoff, slowing the flow, providing treatment and increasing biodiversity potential and amenity

